

Collection #  
SC 3246

**14TH ARMY CORPS  
DOCUMENT, 17 DECEMBER 1862**

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Processed by

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## **COLLECTION INFORMATION**

VOLUME OF  
COLLECTION: 1 folder

COLLECTION  
DATES: 17 December 1862

PROVENANCE: Brian and Maria Green, Kernersville, North Carolina, March,  
2017

RESTRICTIONS: None

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NUMBER: 2017.0059

NOTES:

## **HISTORICAL SKETCH**

The Fourteenth Corps was formed in October, 1862, from the Army of the Cumberland and placed under the command of General Rosecrans. The corps was made up of twelve divisions, containing 155 regiments of infantry, 1 regiment of engineers, 35 batteries of light artillery, and 6 regiments of cavalry. After victories at Stone's River and Hoover's Gap, it met a near catastrophic defeat at Chickamauga. Rosecrans was given a good share of the blame for the defeat for his indecisiveness, and in September, 1863, the Army of the Cumberland was reorganized and Major General John M. Palmer was placed in command of the corps. The 14th Corps took part in Sherman's march through Georgia and up into South and North Carolina until the end of the war. The corps was decommissioned in August, 1865.

Sources: *Civil War Genealogy*, [ww.civilwarhome.com/14thcorps.html](http://ww.civilwarhome.com/14thcorps.html) accessed 1 May 2017.

## **SCOPE AND CONTENT NOTE**

General Order N. 40 was issued by Major General Rosecrans and Julius P. Garesche on 17 December 1862 at the headquarters of 14th Army Corps in Nashville, Tennessee, and has three parts. The first part of the order states that all officers and troops below the rank of field officers are not to possess any horse or mule. The second part states that only soldiers on duty are allowed to use government animals. The third section states that no one shall do any "fast riding" on a government animal.

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CONTAINER

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