INDIANA CIVIL WAR CARTE DE VISITE PORTRAITS, CA. 1861–CA. 1865

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Cataloging Information

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Manuscript and Visual Collections Department
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Indiana Historical Society
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Indianapolis, IN 46202-3269

www.indianahistory.org

COLLECTION INFORMATION

VOLUME OF 1 box of cartes de visite

COLLECTION:

COLLECTION Ca. 1861–ca. 1865

DATES:

PROVENANCE: Various accessions.

RESTRICTIONS: None

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ALTERNATE FORMATS:

RELATED (P0132) Civil War Generals Carte de Visite Portraits, ca. 1861–

HOLDINGS: ca. 1865

(P0415) Indiana Carte de Visite Collection, ca. 1862–ca. 1893

ACCESSION 0000.0407, 1946.0505, 1947.0707, 1954.0917, 1961.0507, NUMBER: 1963.0039, 1965.0048, 1978.1141, 1991.0024, 2005.0030, 2005.0090, 2005.0109, 2005.0110, 2006.0329, 2006.0330

NOTES: This is an artificial collection with additions expected.

HISTORICAL SKETCHES

CARTES DE VISITE

A carte de visite is a photograph mounted on cardboard stock measuring about 2 ½ x 4 inches. The process was patented in France in 1854 and the name *carte de visite* derives from the French for "visiting card." During the Civil War thousands of soldiers had their photographs taken and made into cartes de visite. They were inexpensive, convenient, and multiple prints could be made from a single negative. Home town photographers, photograph studios in towns where soldiers passed through, and camp follower photographers were common. Printed on the back of the card and sometimes the front might be the name and address of the photographer. During the war Congress levied a tax stamp on photographs to raise money for the war. The stamps resemble postage stamps and some of the photographs in this collection bear these stamps.

INDIANA CIVIL WAR REGIMENTS

8th Indiana Infantry: The Eighth Indiana Infantry Regiment was organized for three month's service at Indianapolis in April 1861. It left the state and moved to West Virginia where it participated in the battle of Rich Mountain. It returned to Indianapolis and mustered out on 2 August 1861 and reorganized on 10 September for three years. It left the state and was then moved to Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas, and Louisiana where it participated in battles and engagements throughout the western states. It was sent east to the Washington, D.C. area in August 1864. From there it went to Virginia and by January 1865 was sent to Georgia where it remained until August 1865 when it was mustered out.

11th Indiana Infantry: The Eleventh Indiana Infantry Regiment was organized and mustered in during April 1861 at Indianapolis. The regiment served for three months, was reorganized and mustered in for three years in August 1861. Lew Wallace, a colonel in this regiment was appointed brigadier general in September 1861. The regiment left Indianapolis 6 September 1861 and camped at Paducah Kentucky until February 1862. The soldiers marched over 9,000 miles during the next three years taking part in the siege of Vicksburg, and numerous campaigns, including the Battles of Shiloh and Cedar Creek. The regiment marched to Baltimore following Sheridan's campaign in the

Shenandoah Valley, and mustered out 26 July 1865. The troops returned to Indianapolis 3 August 1865.

13th Indiana Infantry: The Thirteenth Indiana Infantry Regiment was mustered in on 19 June 1861 as one of the first volunteer regiments from the state. It left Indiana on 4 July and joined McClellan at Rich Mountain where it participated in the battle there on 11 July. After this there were numerous engagements throughout Virginia. By July 1863 the regiment sailed for Charleston Harbor and participated in sieges at Forts Wagner and Gregg. The regiment then moved on to Jacksonville, Florida where it stayed until April 1864. It then returned to Virginia and participated in operations south of Richmond and joined the Army of the Potomac on 1 June. During the November election it was sent to New York to maintain order. Returning to the field it participated in the capture of several forts and was stationed at Goldsboro, North Carolina where it remained until mustered out, 5 September 1865.

16th Indiana Infantry: The Sixteenth Indiana Infantry Regiment was organized at Richmond, Indiana in May 1861. It mustered in 23 July and left the state the same day. It was involved in various movements throughout Virginia until May 1862. It was reorganized at that time and sent to Kentucky to repel an invasion. It then moved to Memphis and on to Vicksburg. By December it was on the move again and participated in the assaults and skirmishes throughout Mississippi, and Louisiana. It was mustered out in New Orleans on 30 June 1865.

22nd Indiana Infantry: The Twenty-Second Indiana Infantry Regiment was organized at Madison, Indiana in July 1861 and mustered in at Indianapolis on 15 August. It left the state and joined Fremont's army at St. Louis. It moved throughout the western front in the states of Kentucky and Tennessee. The regiment participated in the Atlanta campaign in 1864 and the advance and siege at Savannah, Georgia. It then took part in the Carolina campaign and moved on to Washington at the end of the war and was mustered out on 24 July 1865.

24th Indiana Infantry: The Twenty-Fourth Indiana Infantry Regiment was organized in Vincennes and was mustered in on 31 July 1861. It left the state in August and joined the army at St. Louis and from there moved into the interior of Missouri. In February 1862 it left Missouri and joined Grant's army and was engaged at Shiloh. It left Tennessee for Arkansas where it remained until the spring of 1863. It participated in the Vicksburg campaign and then went on to the New Orleans area until January 1864. In December 1864 the Twenty-fourth and Sixty-seventh regiments consolidated, retaining the designation of the Twenty-fourth Regiment. It relocated to Florida in January 1865. On 16 July 1865 the War Department reorganized the regiment as a battalion of five companies, mustering out early enlistees three days later.

26th Indiana Infantry: The Twenty-Sixth Indiana Infantry Regiment was organized at Indianapolis and was mustered in on 31 August 1861. It left the state on 7 September and joined Freemont's forces at St. Louis for the Springfield campaign. It returned to Sedalia where it guarded the railroad until July 1862. It then moved to southern Missouri and engaged in major battles there. It joined Grant's army at Vicksburg in May 1863. It moved from here to Louisiana and then on to Texas at Brownsville on the Mexican frontier. It reenlisted in February of 1864, went on furlough in April and returned to Louisiana in June. In February 1865 recruits from the 60th regiment were merged with the 26th and it was ordered to Mobile in March. It occupied Mobile after its surrender and the regiment was moved to Mississippi and then on to Macon. The final mustering out was in January 1866.

29th Indiana Infantry: The Twenty-Ninth Indiana Infantry Regiment was organized at La Porte, Indiana and mustered in on 27 August 1861. It left Indiana in October and moved to Kentucky. In February 1862 it participated in the second day's battle at Shiloh. From here it was at the siege of Corinth and then into Alabama and Tennessee where it participated in several battles, among them; Stone's River and Chickamauga. By January 1864 it reenlisted and went home on furlough. It returned to the front and was stationed at Chattanooga and moved to Alabama in December. It returned to Chattanooga and remained there until May 1865. It skirmished with the enemy at Dalton, Georgia and eventually was stationed at Marietta. The regiment mustered out in December 1865.

42nd Indiana Infantry: The Forty-Second Indiana Infantry Regiment was organized at Evansville, Indiana and mustered in on 9 October 1861. After leaving the state it was sent to Kentucky and then on to Nashville arriving in February 1862. It participated in the battle of Stone's River, Chickamauga, Lookout Mountain and Missionary Ridge. It joined Sherman's army for the Atlanta campaign and participated in the capture of Savannah and continued on through the Carolinas. At the end of the war the regiment went to Washington, and then to Louisville where it

mustered out in July 1865.

49th Indiana Infantry: The Forty-Ninth Indiana Infantry Regiment was organized at Jeffersonville, Indiana and mustered in 21 November 1861. It left the state in December for Kentucky. It was involved in skirmishes in March and occupied the Cumberland Gap area until September when it retreated to the Ohio River in October. In November it was ordered to Memphis where it joined Sherman and was in the battle at Chickasaw Bluffs. It was engaged in the Vicksburg siege and was there at its fall. From here it moved south to New Orleans in August and then on to Texas in December. In April 1864 it reinforced Banks' army at Alexandria, Louisiana and was involved in skirmishes until May. It returned to New Orleans and was furloughed home in July from here it was ordered to Kentucky and remained there until it was mustered out in September 1865 at Louisville.

67th Indiana Infantry: The Sixty-Seventh Indiana Infantry Regiment was organized at Madison, Indiana and mustered in on 20 August 1862. It was sent to Kentucky where in September it was engaged at Munfordville and surrendered to Bragg. It was paroled, and exchanged in December and moved on to Memphis, and the Vicksburg campaign. It was transferred to the Department of the Gulf. From here it was sent to Texas in January 1864 and remained there until March. It returned to New Orleans and was involved in the capture of Mobile Bay. In December 1864 the 67th was consolidated with the 24th Indiana and both groups were designated the 24th. After which the 24th served in a campaign against Mobile and then moved on to Texas. The original members of the 67th mustered out in July 1865. Some recruits remained at Galveston with the 24th until the regiment mustered out.

72nd Indiana Infantry: The Seventy-Second Infantry Regiment organized at Lafayette, Indiana, and mustered on 16 August 1862. It left the state and went to Kentucky where it remained until Bragg's invasion. It then moved to Tennessee in November. There it became a mounted infantry unit in January 1863. These soldiers were part of the Wilder Lightning Brigade, and their engagements included the Battle of Chickamauga. The regiment joined the Third Brigade, Second Cavalry Division, 26 March 1864, and became part of the Atlanta campaign. After the fall of Atlanta the regiment moved to Alabama then on to Columbus and Macon, Georgia. It mustered out at Nashville on 26 June 1865.

91st Indiana Infantry: The Ninety-First Indiana Infantry Regiment was organized at Evansville, Indiana with seven companies in August 1862. It formed into a battalion and mustered in October and left the state for Kentucky. In June 1863 it pursued Morgan through Kentucky. It was eventually moved to the Cumberland Gap and then on to Georgia where it joined Sherman's army. It was engaged in numerous skirmishes and pursued General Hood. Returning to Tennessee it took part in several battles in November and December. It was moved to Cincinnati, Washington, then transported by steamer to North Carolina where it captured Wilmington in February. It remained in North Carolina until June 1865 when it was mustered out.

97th Indiana Infantry: The Ninety-Seventy Indiana Infantry Regiment was organized at Terre Haute, Indiana and mustered in on 20 September 1862. It left the state for Tennessee and joined Sherman's army at Vicksburg after which it was involved in movements throughout Mississippi, Tennessee, and Alabama. In May 1864 it became part of the Atlanta Campaign and was engaged in several battles. By October it was in pursuit of Hood and in the march to Savannah it was involved in several engagements. After Savannah it remained with the army through the Carolinas, again being involved in engagements in both North and South Carolina. It moved from Goldsboro, Richmond and finally to Washington where it mustered out on 9 June 1865.

121st Indiana Regiment, (9th Cavalry): The 9th Indiana Cavalry Regiment recruited in fall and winter 1863 and organized at Indianapolis 1 March 1864. With approximately eleven-hundred and fifty soldiers under the command of Colonel George W. Jackson left Indiana for Nashville 3 May 1864. The regiment took part in a number of skirmishes and battles in Tennessee, Alabama, and Mississippi before it was mustered out on 28 August 1865. Three hundred and eighty-six enlisted men and officers from the original battery returned to victory celebrations at Indianapolis 5 May 1865.

131st Indiana Regiment, (13th Cavalry): The 13th Indiana Cavalry was organized in the fall and winter of 1863-64 as the last cavalry formed in the state and the 131st of the line. Mustered in on 29 April 1864, it left the state for Nashville where it was dismounted and turned into infantry. In May the regiment was ordered to Alabama where it

engaged in several skirmishes. It then returned to Kentucky for new mounts and equipment. During the following year the regiment participated in action in Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama, and Georgia. The regiment was last ordered to Vicksburg where it mustered out on 18 November 1865.

NON-INDIANA REGIMENTS

52nd U.S. Colored Troops Infantry: The Fifty-Second United States Colored Troops was organized 11 March 1864 in the state of Mississippi. It was posted at Vicksburg until June of 1865. It was on duty at various points in Mississippi and the Gulf until May 1866 when it mustered out.

Sources:

American Civil War Research Database: www.civilwardata.com

Darrah, William C. Cartes de Visite in Nineteenth Century Photographs. Gettysburg, Penn.: W.C. Darrah, Publisher, 1981. General Collection: TR680 .D28 1981

Terrell, W. H. H. Report of the Adjutant General of the State of Indiana. Indianapolis: W. R. Holloway, State Printer, 1865. Reference Room Collection: E506.2.I39 T4 1865

SCOPE AND CONTENT NOTE

The collection contains a large selection of cartes de visite portraits of Indiana Civil War soldiers. The photographs have been collected by the Indiana Historical Society Library over a span of several years. They are for the most part Indiana soldiers who were photographed by a variety of photographers and in various locations around the country. Many of the cards have the names and locations of the photographers imprinted on the verso.

Most of the individuals also are identified on the verso of each card. Some appear to be autographed by the soldiers themselves while others appear to have been added at a later time by unknown individuals. Besides their names the cards might list the soldier's regiment, company, and rank. Many of the names are difficult to read and it is possible some of the names in the list may be incorrect. Every attempt has been made to compare the names written on the cards with the records in Terrel's report in order to confirm each soldier's identity.

The portraits are grouped numerically by regiment then arranged alphabetically by company letter. Some of the regiments contain one photograph while others have several individuals. In those cases the images are in order by company and alphabetical by each soldier's last name. A few of the individuals found at the end of the collection are not included in a regiment, either because they were not named, their name was not found in the official report or because of the writing it was not possible to positively identify the individual.

CONTENTS

8th Indiana Infantry Regiment

CONTAINER

COMPANY B

Cartes de Visite:

Box 1

Shunk, David

11th Indiana Infantry Regiment

COMPANY E

Briggs, Erastus M.

Cayton, John T.

MacAuley, Daniel

McKnight, Albert B.

COMPANY G

Bennett, Seth Cason, Joseph T.

Cook, John L.

Harshbarger, Elkana

Hebb, Joseph B.

Gladman, Archibald

Hill, John H.

Lewis, Joseph T.

Martin, James A.

Maxwell, Thomas B.

Millice, Amos

McCorkle, Jasper E

Phillips, John

Richardson, Alexander

Scutes, Walter V.

Shockey, Edward F.

Strain, Wilson

COMPANY H

Wright, David

Unidentified

Private wearing second pattern uniform of Wallace's

Zouaves

13th Indiana Infantry Regiment

COMPANY A

Dobbs, Cyrus J.

COMPANY F

16th Indiana Infantry Regiment

Cartes de Visite:

Box 1

Cartes de Visite:

22nd Indiana Infantry Regiment

COMPANY A

Gooding, Michael

COMPANY C

Adams, William A.

24th Indiana Infantry Regiment

Company A

Taylor, Jas. W.

Company B

John M. Braddock James A. Campbell John T. Heath George W. Hill [missing] David Miller Joseph Tate Thomas Underwood Eli S. Witsman H. C. Witsman

26th Indiana Infantry Regiment

Thomas, J. [group of three; Thomas with Martin of the 1st Ohio Lt. Art. and Pratt of the 20th Conn. l

29th Indiana Infantry Regiment

Company C

Dorland, George C.

42nd Indiana Infantry Regiment

Cartes de Visite:

Box 1

| James G. Stubblefield, Adjutant | Cartes de Visite: Box 1 |
|---|----------------------------|
| 49 th Indiana Infantry Regiment | |
| Company B | Cartes de Visite: Box 1 |
| Pound, Lewis C. | 202 |
| Company F | Cartes de Visite: |
| Peckenpaugh, William H. | Box 1 |
| 67 th Indiana Infantry Regiment | |
| Company D | Cartes de Visite: |
| Sprague, James W. | Box 1 |
| Company H | Cartes de Visite: Box 1 |
| Kelly, David | DOX 1 |
| 72nd Indiana Infantry Regiment | |
| Company D | Cartes de Visite: Box 1 |
| Frazier, Morgan C. | DOX 1 |
| Company I | Cartes de Visite: Box 1 |
| Records, William H. Rider, Thomas M. Wakeman, William S. [unidentified soldier, resembles Thomas Rider] | DOA 1 |
| 91 st Indiana Infantry Regiment | |
| | |

Company G
Cartes de Visite:
Box 1
Rowland, Robert

97th Indiana Infantry Regiment

Company H Cartes de Visite:

121st Indiana Infantry Regiment, 9th Cavalry

Field & Staff

Jackson, George W.
Lilly, Eli [with George W. Jackson]
Magann, Edwin W.
Walls, William R.
Welman, Richmond W.

Company A

Chism, George Conner, Benjamin F. Osborne, Bernard

Company B

Harrod, John B. Sherril, John W.

Company D

Hayden, Obadiah B. Husted, Henry

Company E

Case, John H. Cooper, Caleb H. Jack, John W.

Company F

Owings, Nathaniel J.

Company G

Nation, James R.

Company H

Dunlavy, Daniel W.

Company I

Adams, Thomas J. Calvert, William H. Lyon Virgil H. Cartes de Visite:

Box 1

Company K

Brumblay, George R. Canfield, Henry [Thomas M.] Clubb, Henry A.

Company L

Riley, John W.

Company M

Frazee, James H. Hutchinson, Robert [Hutchison] Leisure, Nathan J. [Leisuer]

Cartes de Visite: Box 1

Cartes de Visite:

Box 1

Cartes de Visite:

Box 1

131st Indiana Infantry Regiment

13th Indiana Cavalry, Co. C

Verborg, William, 2nd Lt.

Cartes de Visite: Box 1

52nd U.S. Colored Troops Infantry

Company A

Michael, Bennett F. (Lieut.)

Cartes de Visite:

Box 1

Named Soldiers: no regiment information

P.F. Mager, Dec. 14, 1864, D.C. Bettison, photographer, Louisville, Ky. D.C. Bettison, photographer, Louisville, Ky. [not found in Terrell's]

Cartes de Visite: Box 1

[Mears or Means], H.B. signed on verso "Your Friend & Messmate H.B. Mea?s, Paymaster U.S.S.

Naumkeag"

Cartes de Visite: Box 1

Soldiers: unidentified

Seated soldier, item came with P.F. Mager card, both soldiers are wearing same style of uniform, D.C. Bettison, photographer, Louisville, Ky.

Cartes de Visite: Box 1

Indiana lieutenant drawing his sword, on verso Cartes de Visite:

CATALOGING INFORMATION

For additional information on this collection, including a list of subject headings that may lead you to related materials:

- 1. Go to the Indiana Historical Society's online catalog: http://opac.indianahistory.org/
- 2. Click on the "Basic Search" icon.
- 3. Select "Call Number" from the "Search In:" box.
- 4. Search for the collection by its basic call number (in this case, P0310).
- 5. When you find the collection, go to the "Full Record" screen for a list of headings that can be searched for related materials.